

## Study of correlation and index ranging of markingnut (*Semecarpus anacardium* L.) genotypes in Marathwada Region.

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### ABSTRACT

The present investigation entitled "Study of Correlation and Index Ranging of Markingnut (*Semecarpus anacardium* L.) Genotypes in Marathwada Region " was carried out on sixty strains of Markingnut from Nanded, Parbhani and Beed district of Marathwada regions in Maharashtra. The correlation studies among 17 characters exhibited highest significant positive association of hypocarp weight, fruit weight, kernel weight, volume of tree, fruit volume, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume and size of fruit with yield of tree. Wide range of variability was noticed with respect to growth, fruiting parameters and chemical characteristics. The genotypes ND-7, ND-8, ND-16, PBN-5, PBN-1, PBN-6, BD-13, BD-16, and BD-18 could be rated as most promising genotypes on the basis of the yield of different genotypes.

### INTRODUCTION

The Marking nut (*Semecarpus anacardium* L.) is important dry land fruit crops which belong to family anacardiaceae. The important relatives of this fruit crop are mango, cashewnut, pistachios and charoli (*Buchaniya lanzan*). There are about 69 genera and 500 species belong to anacardiaceae and 6 species are reported to be found on large scale in India. Trees are distributed in Indo-Malyasian region and Australia. In India the trees are found in the sub Himalayan tract from eastward extending in the outer hills, Assam Khasi Hills, Central India, Gujarat, Konkan Southern Maharashtra, Kanara and in the deciduous forest of all district in the southern India.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

The present investigation entitled: "Study of Correlation and Index Ranging of Marking nut (*Semecarpus anacardium* L.) Genotypes in Marathwada Region" was carried out to locate superior types of Marking nut by survey and selection of marking nut trees existing naturally in Nanded, Beed and Parbhani district of Marathwada region during the year 2011-12. Markingnut can be grown under dryland without using any input. The tropical and semiarid climate of Marathwada region is best suited for growing of Marking nut. It can be grown on hills, hillocks, on bunds and the waste

lands. This tree can be grown as an avenue and shade tree and can be included in social forestry programme. It is mostly grown in wild condition. In this region there is not any orchard of Marking nut. The tree is raised from seedlings.

The Statistical analysis (Correlation studies) of the superior quality Markingnuts genotypes (*Semecarpus anacardium* L.) were carried on following points.

The results were worked with four different approaches

1. Variability consisting of coefficient of variation, standard deviation and 't' values were calculated for percent variability and difference among individual strains.
2. The simple correlation between characters was worked out by the procedure suggested by Snedecor and Cochran (1989). The weight of the fruit per tree was taken as dependent (effect) and other characters as independent variables.
3. On the basis of physical characters of the fruit, which contribute to the dependent variable (yield).
4. On the basis of mean values of characters, 60 strains of marking nut were classified into various groups with specific range of units for the sake of explanation

The range value of different characters of 60 genotypes of marking nut was worked out to study the range indexing. The various growth and fruit characters were analyzed to determine the perspective range determination in marking nut. The Mean, Standard deviation and Coefficient of variation of the above characters was calculated to full fill the need of index ranging.

## **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

### **A. Correlation Among different characters**

The value of correlation coefficient among different characters in Nanded, Parbhani and Beed districts of Marathwada region were compared with yield of tree and given in Table. 1, 2 and 3. Finding analogous to this correlation studies had also reported in charoli accession that highest significant positive association of weight of fruit, volume of fruit, size of fruit, weight of mesocarp, weight of seed, weight of seed coat, weight of kernel and panicles per tree with fruits yield per tree (Munde *et al.* 2002).

#### **1. Volume of tree**

The data presented in Tables 1, 2 and 3 revealed that positive and highly significant correlation of volume of tree with yield of tree. Highly negative and significant correlation was observed with size of Fruit, seed to hypocarp ratio and positive and significant correlation with fruit weight, fruit volume, fruit length, hypocarp weight, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth and fruit dry weight. The weak negative and non-significant correlation was found with fruit breadth.

#### **2. Panicle per tree**

Panicle per tree showed a positive and highly significant correlation with yield of tree, fruit weight, fruit volume, fruit length, fruit dry weight, hypocarp weight, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit, hypocarp dry weight, and oil content. Highly negative and non-significant correlation was observed with seed to hypocarp ratio and kernel weight. The weak negative and non-significant correlation noted with fruit breadth.

#### **3. Fruit weight**

A positive and highly significant correlation was observed between fruit weight with yield of tree,

fruit volume, fruit length, fruit dry weight, size of fruit hypocarp weight, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume, and hypocarp breadth. Highly significant and negative correlation recorded with seed to hypocarp ratio and kernel weight. The weak negative and non-significant correlation was observed with fruit breadth.

#### **4. Fruit Volume**

Positive and highly significant correlation was observed between fruit volume with yield of tree, fruit length, fruit dry weight, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit, hypocarp dry weight, and oil content. Highly negative and significant correlation was observed among seed to hypocarp ratio. The weak negative and non-significant correlation was observed with fruit breadth.

#### **5. Fruit length**

According to Table 1, 2, and 3 there were positive and highly significant correlation observed between fruit length with yield per tree, fruit dry weight, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit, hypocarp dry weight and oil content. Fruit length having negative and highly significant correlation was observed in seed to hypocarp ratio. The weak negative non-significant correlation was observed with fruit breadth and kernel weight.

#### **6. Fruit breadth**

According to Table 1, 2, and 3 there were positive and highly significant correlation between fruit breadth and oil content. There is negative and highly significant correlation was observed in hypocarp volume. And weak negative non-significant correlation was observed with fruit dry weight, hypocarp weight, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit. And weak non-significant correlations were observed in seed to hypocarp ratio and kernel weight.

#### **7. Fruit dry weight**

Positive and highly significant correlation were observed between fruit dry weight and yield per tree, hypocarp weight, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit and oil content. There is negative and highly significant

Table 1. Correlation among different characters in Nanded district.

Characters	Volume of tree	Panicle per branch	Fruit weight	Fruit volume	Fruit length	Fruit breadth	Fruit dry weight	Hypocarp weight	Hypocarp length	Hypocarp volume	Hypocarp breadth	Size of fruit	Seed to hypocarp ratio	Kernel weight	Hypocarp dry weight	Oil content	Yield kg/tree
Volume of tree	1.000	0.970**	0.989**	0.990**	0.971**	-0.282	0.936**	0.949**	0.907**	0.901**	0.932**	-0.580**	-0.760**	0.964**	0.964**	0.871**	0.742**
Panicle per branch	0.970**	1.000	0.975**	0.960**	0.942**	-0.304	0.885**	0.969**	0.870**	0.848**	0.882**	0.891**	-0.588**	-0.694**	0.929**	0.666**	0.683**
Fruit weight	0.975**	0.960**	1.000	0.978**	0.965**	-0.253	0.923**	0.957**	0.884**	0.880**	0.900**	0.910**	-0.537**	-0.749**	0.958**	0.574**	0.707**
Fruit volume	0.960**	0.978**	0.978**	1.000	0.985**	-0.269	0.943**	0.935**	0.933**	0.931**	0.954**	0.954**	-0.574**	0.722**	0.981**	0.817**	0.794**
Fruit length	0.971**	0.965**	0.985**	0.985**	1.000	-0.275	0.947**	0.932**	0.944**	0.951**	0.957**	0.970**	-0.577**	-0.725**	0.978**	0.810**	0.829**
Fruit breadth	-0.282	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	-0.186	-0.351	-0.257	-0.173	-0.386	-0.297	0.412	0.281	-0.208	0.844**	-0.311
Fruit dry weight	0.936**	0.885**	0.923**	0.943**	0.947**	0.947**	1.000	0.829**	0.956**	0.970**	0.913**	0.964**	-0.567**	-0.554**	0.927**	0.910**	0.859**
Hypocarp weight	0.949**	0.969**	0.957**	0.935**	0.932**	0.932**	0.829**	1.000	0.813**	0.793**	0.859**	0.849**	-0.621**	-0.700**	0.916**	0.934**	0.618**
Hypocarp length	0.907**	0.870**	0.884**	0.933**	0.944**	0.944**	0.956**	0.813**	1.000	0.985**	0.914**	0.989**	-0.560**	0.690**	0.931**	-0.222	0.922**
Hypocarp volume	0.901**	0.848**	0.880**	0.931**	0.951**	0.951**	0.970**	0.793**	0.985**	1.000	0.922**	0.986**	-0.536**	-0.684**	0.932**	0.941**	0.925**
Hypocarp breadth	0.932**	0.882**	0.900**	0.954**	0.957**	0.957**	0.913**	0.859**	0.922**	1.000	1.000	0.956**	-0.553**	-0.653**	0.920**	0.760**	0.873**
Size of fruit	-0.580**	0.891**	0.910**	0.954**	0.970**	0.970**	0.964**	0.849**	0.986**	0.986**	1.000	1.000	-0.554**	-0.695**	0.943**	0.967**	0.923**
Seed to hypocarp ratio	-0.760**	-0.588**	-0.537**	-0.574**	-0.577**	-0.577**	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.522	-0.578**	0.985**	-0.410
Kernel weight	0.964**	0.666**	0.574**	0.817**	0.810**	0.810**	0.844**	0.910**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**
Hypocarp dry weight	0.964**	0.929**	0.958**	0.981**	0.978**	0.978**	0.927**	0.916**	0.931**	0.931**	0.931**	0.931**	0.931**	0.931**	0.931**	0.931**	0.931**
Oil content	0.871**	0.666**	0.574**	0.817**	0.810**	0.810**	0.844**	0.910**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**	0.934**
Yield kg/tree	0.742**	0.683**	0.707**	0.794**	0.829**	0.829**	-0.311	0.859**	0.618**	0.922**	0.922**	0.922**	0.922**	0.922**	0.922**	0.922**	0.922**

\*\*Significant at 1 %

\*Significant at 5 %

**Table 2. Correlation among different characters in Parbhani district.**

Characters	Volume of tree	Panicle per branch	Fruit weight	Fruit volume	Fruit length	Fruit breadth	Fruit dry weight	Hypocarp weight	Hypocarp length	Hypocarp volume	Hypocarp breadth	Size of fruit	Seed to hypocarp ratio	Kernel weight	Hypocarp dry weight	Oil content	Yield kg/tree		
Volume of tree	1.000	0.970**	0.969**	0.943**	0.971**	-0.257	0.976**	0.907**	0.897**	0.855**	0.927**	0.854**	-0.765**	-0.133	0.904**	0.850**	0.812**		
Panicle per branch		1.000	0.994**	0.950**	0.953**	-0.311	0.945**	0.883**	0.863**	0.793**	0.898**	0.808**	-0.753**	-0.155	0.896**	0.924**	0.743**		
Fruit weight			1.000	0.935**	0.959**	-0.297	0.962**	0.896**	0.901**	0.832**	0.928**	0.850**	-0.756**	-0.131	0.877**	0.846**	0.786**		
Fruit volume				1.000	0.918**	-0.352	0.903**	0.842**	0.803**	0.722**	0.807**	0.745**	-0.798**	-0.194	0.900**	0.951**	0.664**		
Fruit length					1.000	-0.268	0.973**	0.966**	0.927**	0.906**	0.941**	0.910**	-0.749**	-0.212	0.902**	0.792	0.870**		
Fruit breadth						1.000	-0.209	-0.264	-0.275	-0.640**	-0.086	-0.079	0.502	0.260	-0.205	0.829**	0.042		
Fruit dry weight							1.000	0.920**	0.944**	0.933**	0.958**	0.936**	-0.758**	-0.077	0.847**	0.717**	0.894**		
Hypocarp weight								1.000	0.917**	0.900**	0.894**	0.900**	-0.641**	-0.200	0.901**	0.903**	0.864**		
Hypocarp length									1.000	0.936**	0.937**	0.950**	-0.684**	-0.111	0.763**	-0.028	0.901**		
Hypocarp volume										1.000	0.943**	0.991**	-0.608**	-0.067	-0.713**	0.928**	0.988**		
Hypocarp breadth											1.000	0.943**	-0.666**	-0.083	0.793**	0.888**	0.928**		
Size of fruit												1.000	-0.634**	-0.114	0.707**	0.912**	0.981**		
Seed to hypocarp ratio													1.000	0.315	-0.581**	0.992**	-0.568**		
Kernel weight																		1.000	
Hypocarp dry weight																			1.000
Oil content																			1.000
Yield kg/tree																			0.979**
																			1.000

\*\*Significant at 1 %  
\*Significant at 5 %

Table 3. Correlation among different characters in Beed district.

Characters	Volume of tree	Panicle per branch	Fruit weight	Fruit volume	Fruit length	Fruit breadth	Fruit dry weight	Hypocarp weight	Hypocarp length	Hypocarp volume	Hypocarp breadth	Size of fruit	Seed to hypocarp ratio	Kernel weight	Hypocarp dry weight	Oil content	Yield kg/tree
Volume of tree	1.000	0.965**	0.972**	0.979**	0.920**	-0.271	0.893**	0.926**	0.883**	0.876**	0.866**	0.951**	-0.366	-0.266	0.982**	0.955**	0.842**
Panicle per branch		1.000	0.988**	0.981**	0.964**	-0.391	0.908**	0.938**	0.931**	0.915**	0.903**	0.976**	-0.406	-0.283	0.979**	0.792**	0.906**
Fruit weight			1.000	0.971**	0.951**	-0.337	0.913**	0.960**	0.939**	0.921**	0.920**	0.972**	-0.347	-0.215	0.986**	0.895**	0.909**
Fruit volume				1.000	0.934**	-0.357	0.873**	0.923**	0.885**	0.873**	0.855**	0.954**	-0.397	-0.303	0.977**	0.941**	0.849**
Fruit length					1.000	-0.410	0.959**	0.944**	0.972**	0.967**	0.949**	0.970**	-0.409	-0.299	0.963**	0.946**	0.958**
Fruit breadth						1.000	-0.287	-0.191	-0.321	-0.238	-0.288	-0.301	0.318	0.346	-0.032	0.961**	-0.356
Fruit dry weight							1.000	0.937**	0.971**	0.974**	0.978**	0.940**	-0.395	-0.264	0.931**	0.933**	0.969**
Fruit weight								1.000	0.957**	0.965**	0.954**	0.957**	-0.246	-0.109	0.964**	0.898**	0.932**
Hypocarp weight									1.000	0.990**	0.988**	0.964**	-0.390	-0.252	0.942**	0.268	0.991**
Hypocarp length										1.000	0.982**	0.960**	-0.338	-0.187	0.934**	0.884**	0.980**
Hypocarp volume											1.000	0.942**	-0.371	0.923**	0.912**	0.989**	
Hypocarp breadth												1.000	-0.418	0.980**	0.889**	0.938**	
Size of fruit													1.000	0.948**	0.883**	-0.387	
Seed to hypocarp ratio																	
Kernel weight																	
Hypocarp dry weight																	
Oil content																	
Yield kg/tree																	

\*\*Significant at 1 %

\*Significant at 5 %

correlation observed in seed to hypocarp ratio and kernel weight.

#### **8. Hypocarp weight.**

Positive and highly significant correlation were observed between hypocarp weight with yield per tree, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit, hypocarp dry weight. Negative and highly significant correlation was observed in seed to hypocarp ratio. The weak negative non-significant correlation was observed with kernel weight.

#### **9. Hypocarp length**

The data presented in Tables 1, 2 and 3 noticed that positive and highly significant correlation were observed with yield per tree, hypocarp volume, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit, and hypocarp dry weight. Negative and highly significant correlation was observed with seed to hypocarp ratio. Weak negative non-significant correlation was observed in oil content and kernel weight.

#### **10. Hypocarp volume**

According to Table 1, 2, and 3 positive and highly significant correlation was observed between hypocarp volume and yield per tree, hypocarp breadth, size of fruit, hypocarp dry weight and oil content. Negative and significant correlation was observed in seed to hypocarp ratio and kernel weight.

#### **11. Hypocarp breadth**

Positive and significant correlation were observed between hypocarp breadth and yield per tree, size of fruit, hypocarp dry weight and oil content. Negative and highly significant correlation was observed in seed to hypocarp ratio.

#### **12. Size of fruit**

The high significant strong correlation was observed between size of fruit and yield per tree, hypocarp dry weight and oil content. Negative and highly significant correlation was observed in seed to hypocarp ratio. And weak negative and non-significant correlation was observed in kernel weight.

#### **13. Seed to hypocarp ratio**

According to Tables 1, 2 and 3 it was observed that negative significant correlation of seed to

hypocarp ratio with yield per tree. Positive and highly significant correlation was observed in oil content. Weak non-significant correlation was observed in kernel weight.

#### **14. Kernel weight**

Positive and highly significant correlation was observed between kernel weight and oil content. Negative and highly significant correlation was observed in hypocarp dry weight and yield per tree.

#### **15. Hypocarp dry weight**

From the Table 1, 2, and 3 it was noticed that there were strongly positive and highly significant correlation between hypocarp dry weights with yield per tree.

#### **16. Oil content**

From the Table 1, 2 and 3 it was revealed that, there was highly strong positive and significant correlation between oil content and yield per tree.

### **CONCLUSIONS**

The correlation studies exhibited highest significant positive association of hypocarp weight, fruit weight, kernel weight, volume of tree, fruit volume, hypocarp length, hypocarp volume and size of fruit with yield of tree.

In the study of superior types of markingnut genotypes there were wide range of variability with respect to growth and fruiting parameter and chemical characteristics. The genotypes ND-7, ND-8, ND-16, PBN-5, PBN-1, PBN-6, BD-13, BD-16, and BD-18 could be rated as most promising genotypes on the basis of the yield of different genotypes.

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